

Croydon
Joint Strategic
Needs Assessment

Croydon Key Dataset 2015/16

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CROYDON
www.croydon.gov.uk



Background

- Overview of **comparative data** for Croydon
- Set of indicators developed through **consultation** with JSNA Steering Group and relevant leads
- **278 indicators** relevant to health and wellbeing
 - Data updated for 230 indicators
 - 22 new indicators
- Data is **publically available** and is the latest published data as at 4th August 2015
- To **inform** strategic prioritisation and commissioning decisions

An example (1)

White circle:
Cannot calculate
statistical
significance

Yellow circle:
Not significantly
different from
England average

Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
6 Housing affordability (ratio of lower quartile house prices to lower quartile earnings)	8.3	9.9	6.5		—	—
7 Overcrowded housing (% of households)	9.6%	11.3%	4.6%		no data	no data
8 Households on local authority housing waiting lists (rate per 1,000 households)	33.5	72.2	60.2		▶	▶
9 Fuel poverty (% of households)	9.9%	9.8%	10.4%		◀	no data

Red circle:
Significantly
worse than
England average

Green circle:
Significantly
better than
England average

An example (2)

Centre line:
England
average

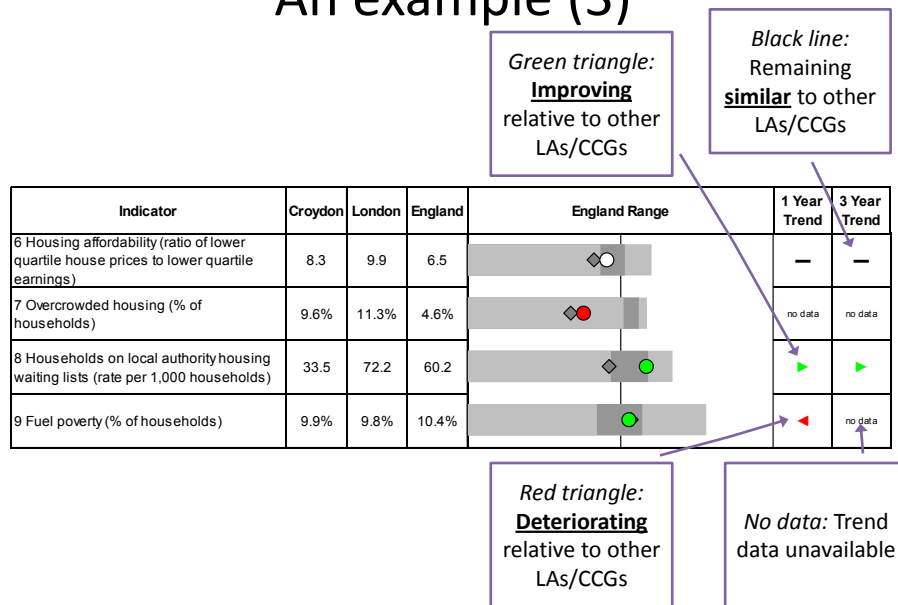
Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
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Grey diamond:
London
average

Light grey bar:
All LAs/CCGs in
England

Dark grey bar:
Middle 50%
LAs/CCGs

An example (3)



How is the information summarised?

- **Areas where Croydon is performing well:** areas where Croydon's performance is relatively good;
- **Challenges:** areas where Croydon's performance needs to improve;
- **High need:** areas where Croydon has high need relative to the rest of England, where need is increasing or staying the same;

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

1) Giving our children a good start in life	2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breastfeeding and smoking during pregnancy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road casualties Chlamydia screening coverage Hip fracture care Smoking quitters
3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions	4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Life expectancy Liver disease 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Households on local authority housing waiting lists
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services	6) Improving people's experience of care services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoidable hospital admissions Healthcare associated infection 	

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Maternal and child health	92 Antenatal risk assessments before 13 weeks (% of antenatal risk assessments)	69.0%	72.7%	83.0%		no data	◀
	93 Smoking during pregnancy (% of mothers)	6.9%	4.9%	11.4%		—	—
	94 Breastfeeding initiation within 48 hours (% of mothers)	87.2%	86.0%	74.3%		—	▶
	95 Breastfeeding prevalence at 6-8 weeks from birth (% of infants)	68.4%	53.9%	43.8%		—	▶
	96 Newborn hearing screening coverage (% of eligible babies who were screened)	92.7%	98.2%	98.5%		no data	no data

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services	6) Improving people's experience of care services
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Liver disease Avoidable hospital admissions Healthcare associated infection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> waiting lists

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Chlamydia	110 Chlamydia screening coverage (% of people aged 15-24 screened)	28.0%	27.9%	23.9%		▶	no data
	111 Chlamydia diagnoses (ages 15-24) (rate per 100,000 population)	2739	2178	2012		◀	no data

Smoking quitters

3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions

- Life expectancy
- Liver disease

4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent

- Households on local authority housing waiting lists

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services

- Avoidable hospital admissions
- Healthcare associated infection

6) Improving people's experience of care services

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Tobacco	241 Estimated smoking prevalence (% of survey respondents aged over 18)	17.0%	17.3%	18.4%		◀	—
	242 GP recorded smoking prevalence (% of people aged over 15)	18.1%	18.3%	19.1%		—	no data
	243 GP recorded smoking prevalence in people with long-term conditions (% of people with long-term conditions)	15.0%	15.9%	16.0%		—	—
	244 Smoking quitters (rate per 100,000 people aged over 16)	758	656	688		▶	▶
	245 Smoking attributable hospital admissions (rate per 100,000 population aged over 35)	1,508	1,606	1,645		—	◀
	246 Smoking attributable deaths (rate per 100,000 population aged over 35)	258	276	289		▶	▶

services

- Avoidable hospital admissions
- Healthcare associated infection

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Life expectancy	147 Life expectancy at birth (men) in years	80.0	80.0	79.4		▶	—
	148 Life expectancy at birth (women) in years	83.5	84.1	83.1		▶	▶
	149 Life expectancy at age 75 (men) in years	12.0	12.1	11.5		▶	▶
	150 Life expectancy at age 75 (women) in years	13.5	14.0	13.3		▶	▶
Healthy life expectancy	151 Healthy life expectancy at birth (men) in years	63.2	63.4	63.3		—	no data
	152 Healthy life expectancy at birth (women) in years	62.3	63.8	63.9		◀	no data
Inequality between areas of deprivation	155 Inequality in life expectancy between areas of deprivation (men) in years	9.1	7.1	8.4		—	—
	156 Inequality in life expectancy between areas of deprivation (women) in years	7.7	4.9	6.2		—	—

Healthcare associated infection

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Liver disease	238 Emergency admissions for alcohol related liver disease (rate per 100,000 population)	11.9	21.1	24.4		▶	▶
	239 Early deaths from liver disease (rate per 100,000 population)	14.2	17.9	17.9		▶	▶
	240 Early deaths from liver disease considered preventable (rate per 100,000 population)	12.9	15.7	15.7		▶	▶

term health conditions

- Life expectancy
- Liver disease

independent

- Households on local authority housing waiting lists

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services

- Avoidable hospital admissions
- Healthcare associated infection

6) Improving people's experience of care

Main areas where Croydon is performing well

1) Giving our children a good start in life	2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breastfeeding and smoking during pregnancy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Road casualties Chlamydia screening coverage Hip fracture care Smoking quitters
3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions	4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Life expectancy Liver disease 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Households on local authority housing waiting lists
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services	6) Improving people's experience of care
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Avoidable hospital admissions Healthcare associated infection 	

Main challenges

1) Giving our children a good start in life	2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Childhood immunisations Attainment at key stage 2 Youth offending Use of other tobacco products at age 15 Admissions for mental health for children 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sexual and reproductive health Pneumococcal vaccination coverage for older people Injuries due to falls in older people Cycling
3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions	4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breast screening Received an NHS health check 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Homelessness
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services	6) Improving people's experience of care
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diagnosis rate for dementia Patient reported outcomes measures 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proportion of deaths at home
Wider determinants of health	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Violence 	

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Immunisation	54 DTaP / IPV / Hib vaccination coverage (1 year old)	91.7%	89.8%	94.3%		▶	▶
	55 Hib / MenC booster vaccination coverage (2 years old)	87.7%	86.8%	92.5%		▶	—
	56 PCV booster vaccination coverage (2 years old)	88.9%	86.3%	92.4%		▶	▶
	57 MMR vaccination coverage for one dose (2 years old)	88.9%	87.5%	92.7%		▶	▶
	58 DTaP / IPV booster vaccination coverage (5 years old)	78.1%	79.3%	88.8%		▶	◀
	59 MMR vaccination coverage for two doses (5 years old)	76.9%	80.7%	88.3%		▶	◀
	60 HPV vaccination coverage (girls aged 12-13 years old)	76.4%	80.0%	86.7%		—	—

- Patient reported outcomes measures

Wider determinants of health

- Violence

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
School attainment	65 Attainment at key stage 2 (% achieving level 4 in reading, writing and mathematics)	75%	82%	79%		◀	no data
	66 Gap in attainment at key stage 2 (between pupils receiving free school meals and the rest)	18%	13%	18%		—	no data
	67 Attainment at key stage 4 (% achieving 5+ GCSEs at grades A*-C including English and Maths)	56.8%	61.5%	53.4%		◀	—
	68 Gap in attainment at key stage 4 (between pupils receiving free school meals and the rest)	16.3%	19.1%	27.0%		▶	▶

- Received an NHS health check

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services

- Diagnosis rate for dementia
- Patient reported outcomes measures

6) Improving people's experience of care

- Proportion of deaths at home

Wider determinants of health

- Violence

Main challenges

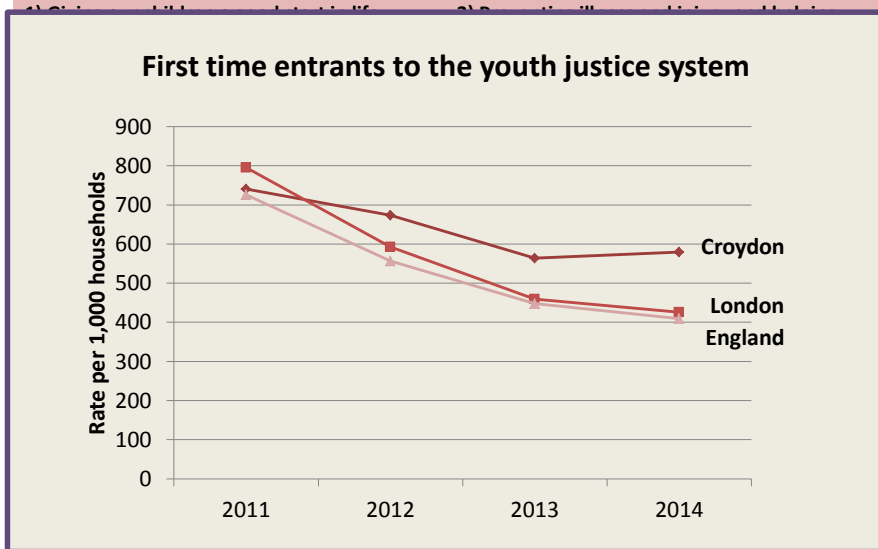
Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Youth offending	70 First-time entrants to the youth justice system (rate per 100,000 10-17 year olds)	580	426	409			
	71 Youth re-offending (% re-offending within 12 months)	45.2%	42.2%	37.2%			

3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breast screening Received an NHS health check 	4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Homelessness
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diagnosis rate for dementia Patient reported outcomes measures 	6) Improving people's experience of care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proportion of deaths at home

Wider determinants of health

- Violence

Main challenges



Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Tobacco	79 Smoking prevalence at age 15 (% of survey respondents)	7.2%	6.1%	8.2%		no data	no data
	80 Use of e-cigarettes at age 15 (% of survey respondents)	0.9%	1.0%	2.7%		no data	no data
	81 Use of other tobacco products (including shisha) at age 15 (% of survey respondents)	4.4%	4.0%	2.6%		no data	no data

health conditions	independent
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breast screening Received an NHS health check 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Homelessness
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services	6) Improving people's experience of care
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Wider determinants of health	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Violence 	

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Teenage pregnancy	98 Under 18 conceptions (rate per 1,000 girls aged 15-17)	32.5	21.8	24.3		◀	◀
	99 Under 16 conceptions (rate per 1,000 girls aged 13-15)	6.5	4.8	5.5		◀	◀
Abortions	100 Access to NHS funded abortions (% of NHS funded abortions before 10 weeks gestation)	82.9%	83.7%	80.4%		◀	◀
	101 Abortion rate (per 1,000 women aged 15-44)	25.7	20.9	16.0		—	no data
	102 Repeat abortions (ages under 25) (% of abortions)	36.5%	32.3%	27.0%		—	—
	103 Repeat abortions (all ages) (% of abortions)	49.0%	41.9%	37.6%		◀	◀
Reproductive health	104 GP prescribed long acting reversible contraception (LARC) (rate per 1,000 women aged 15-44)	39.6	25.1	52.7		◀	no data
	105 Pelvic inflammatory disease (PID) admissions (rate per 100,000 women aged 15-44)	301	203	236		▶	▶
	106 Ectopic pregnancy admissions (rate per 100,000 women aged 15-44)	138	115	90		◀	◀

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
HIV	107 HIV prevalence (rate per 1,000 people aged 15-59)	5.1	5.7	2.1		—	—
	108 Uptake of HIV testing in GUM clinics (% of tests offered)	87.1%	83.7%	77.5%		◀	—
	109 Persons presenting with HIV at a late stage of infection (% of new diagnoses of HIV)	56.8%	40.5%	45.0%		◀	no data
Chlamydia	110 Chlamydia screening coverage (% of people aged 15-24 screened)	28.0%	27.9%	23.9%		▶	no data
	111 Chlamydia diagnoses (ages 15-24) (rate per 100,000 population)	2739	2178	2012		◀	no data
	112 Chlamydia diagnoses (ages 25 and over) (rate per 100,000 population)	272.1	377.2	173.2		—	no data
Other sexually transmitted infections	113 Gonorrhoea diagnoses at GUM clinics (rate per 100,000 population)	152.1	190.5	63.3		—	—
	114 Syphilis diagnoses at GUM clinics (rate per 100,000 population)	10.5	27.4	7.8		▶	—
	115 Genital herpes diagnoses at GUM clinics (rate per 100,000 population)	61.7	88.1	57.8		▶	▶
	116 Genital warts diagnoses at GUM clinics (rate per 100,000 population)	127.2	161.3	128.4		◀	◀

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
NHS health checks	274 Offered an NHS health check (cumulative % of eligible people aged 40-74)	11.9%	44.6%	37.9%		▶	no data
	275 Received an NHS health check (cumulative % of eligible people aged 40-74)	6.9%	21.5%	18.6%		—	no data

3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions

- Breast screening
- Received an NHS health check

4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent

- Homelessness

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services

- Diagnosis rate for dementia
- Patient reported outcomes measures

6) Improving people's experience of care

- Proportion of deaths at home

Wider determinants of health

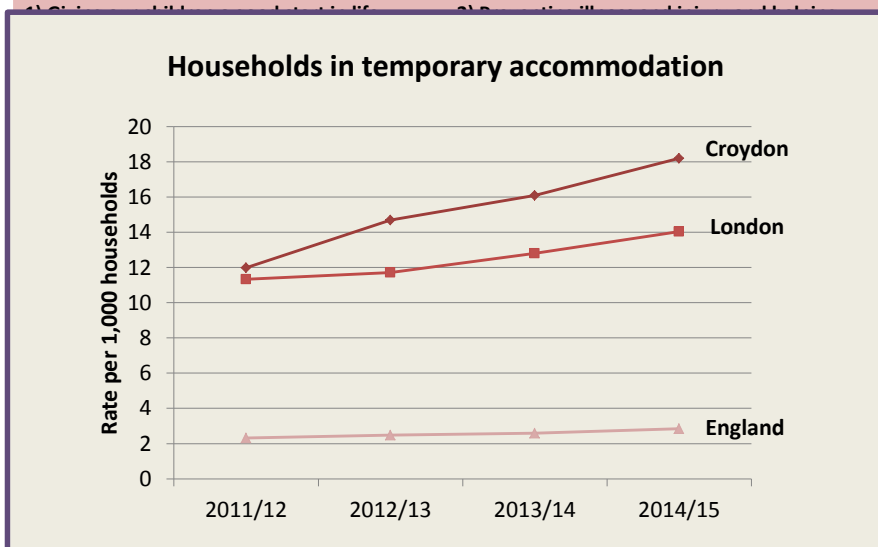
- Violence

Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Homelessness	10 Homelessness acceptances (rate per 1,000 households)	5.8	5.1	2.4		◀	▶
	11 Households in temporary accommodation (rate per 1,000 households)	18.2	14.0	2.8		—	◀
	12 Households in bed & breakfast accommodation (rate per 1,000 households)	1.30	0.86	0.23		—	▶

Health conditions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Breast screening Received an NHS health check 	Independent <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Homelessness
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diagnosis rate for dementia Patient reported outcomes measures 	6) Improving people's experience of care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proportion of deaths at home
Wider determinants of health <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Violence 	

Main challenges



Main challenges

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend
Violence	16 Violence against the person offences (rate per 1,000 population)	20.3	19.3	13.5		◀	◀
	17 Sexual violence offences (rate per 1,000 population)	1.84	1.73	1.54		▶	▶
	18 Emergency admissions for violence (rate per 100,000 population)	52.1	51.3	52.4		—	no data
	19 Domestic abuse incidents recorded by the police (rate per 100,000 population aged over 18)	20.0	20.0	19.4		◀	—

- Received an NHS health check

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services

- Diagnosis rate for dementia
- Patient reported outcomes measures

6) Improving people's experience of care

- Proportion of deaths at home

Wider determinants of health

- Violence

Main challenges

1) Giving our children a good start in life

- Childhood immunisations
- Attainment at key stage 2
- Youth offending
- Use of other tobacco products at age 15
- Admissions for mental health for children

2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover

- Sexual and reproductive health
- Pneumococcal vaccination coverage for older people
- Injuries due to falls in older people
- Cycling

3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions

- Breast screening
- Received an NHS health check

4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent

- Homelessness

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- Diagnosis rate for dementia
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6) Improving people's experience of care

- Proportion of deaths at home

Wider determinants of health

- Violence

Main areas of high need

1) Giving our children a good start in life		2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Child poverty • Looked after children • Children with autism 			
3) Preventing premature death and long term health conditions		4) Supporting people to be resilient and independent	
5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services		6) Improving people's experience of care services	
Wider determinants of health			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population growth and turnover 			

Main areas of high need

Domain	Indicator	Croydon	London	England	England Range	1 Year Trend	3 Year Trend	Time Period
Poverty	45 Children in poverty (% of children aged under 16)	23.0%	23.7%	19.2%		—	—	2012
	46 School children known to be eligible for free school meals (% of primary school pupils)	22.0%	18.5%	15.6%		◀	◀	Jan 2015
	47 School children known to be eligible for free school meals (% of secondary school pupils)	18.1%	19.6%	13.9%		◀	◀	Jan 2015
Lone parent families	97 Lone parent benefit claimants (% of working population)	1.6%	1.2%	1.1%		◀	—	Nov 2014

5) Providing integrated, safe, high quality services		6) Improving people's experience of care services	
Wider determinants of health			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population growth and turnover 			

Main areas of high need

1) Giving our children a good start in life	2) Preventing illness and injury and helping people recover
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Wider determinants of health	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Population growth and turnover 	

Conclusion

- Use to inform strategic prioritisation and commissioning decisions
- Consider alongside:
 - Other local intelligence to understand context
 - Rest of the JSNA Key Dataset 2015/16 report